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# The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 23, 1914.

4 P. M. CITY EDITION  
TEN PAGES

WEATHER—Utah: Tonight and Wednesday Fair; Not Much Change in Temperature.

Forty-fourth Year—No. 149—Price Five Cents.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

## JOHN WANAMAKER VIGOROUSLY DEFENDS LABOR ORGANIZATIONS

**Declares It's an Insane Thing Not to Recognize Unions—Poor Leadership Cause of Poor Success in Past—Prejudice and Misunderstanding Missing Links Between Labor and Capital—Criticizes Rockefeller's Attitude in Colorado Strike.**

## WOULD UNHITCH UNIONS FROM POLITICS

**Eight-Hour Day, Minimum Wage for Women Advocated—Absolute Believer in Government Ownership of Public Utilities—New Haven & Rock Island Conditions Would Be Avoided—One Cent Postage Would Be Assured—Men and Women Better Educated and in Rising Market.**

Philadelphia, June 23.—"It's an insane thing not to recognize organizations of labor," said John Wanamaker today, in giving further testimony before the United States commission on industrial relations. He made this statement in reply to a question whether employers should recognize labor organizations. On the general question of unionism, Mr. Wanamaker said he believed labor had "suffered frightfully" in the past because of poor leaders, but added, that he is seeing a better class of leadership coming in.

Commissioner Welstock of California, who presided today, asked the witness if he could supply the missing link that would bring capital and labor together. Mr. Wanamaker said: "Missing Links."

"I believe that labor and capital have the right to organize. On the one side, capital, there is responsibility and on the other, labor, there is none. There you stop. The missing links, I believe to be prejudice and misunderstanding which must be overcome."

"One of the ways to wipe out this prejudice and misunderstanding is to unhitch labor unions from political parties."

Speaking of capital, Mr. Wanamaker said John D. Rockefeller Jr. "made a great mistake when he put President Wilson in the position of sending troops into Colorado."

"I might be mistaken in this," he said, "but that is the way I feel about it."

Contact with the employees is a remedy for much misunderstanding, the witness said. "There are labor unions which have no other purpose than to protect their wages," he said. "Men who spend their time getting their salaries raised generally fail."

Wanamaker Piled With Questions. Commissioners Lennon of Illinois and O'Connell of Washington, who are the representatives of workers on the commission, piled Mr. Wanamaker with many questions. Asked whether he was an advocate of the eight-hour day, he replied:

"Eight hours or less."

On the question of the minimum wage for women, the witness said that as an experiment it should not be condemned.

**Favors Government Ownership.** Discussing public ownership as a means to reduce industrial strife, Mr. Wanamaker said he was an "absolute believer" in government ownership of public utilities. "I believe the government should own the railroads," he said. "It would prevent conditions that have existed in the New Haven road and in the Rock Island system. Government ownership would bring one cent postage because the government would own the means for carrying the mails."

**Working Man's Future.** The witness painted a rosy future for the working man.

"Men and women are in a rising market; they are being better educated, have more sanitary surroundings, and are no longer mired for rich men to wipe their feet upon," he said.

**HUMAN LIFE TO BE INCREASED**

**Medical Association President Declares Lives Can Be Lengthened Fifteen Years.**

Atlantic City, N. J., June 23.—At the first general session of the 65th annual convention of the American Medical Association here today, Dr. Victor C. Vaughn was installed as president of the association, succeeding Dr. John A. Witherspoon of Nashville, Tenn.

Dr. Vaughn made "the service of medicine to civilization" the subject of his inaugural address.

"In the last century the average

of human life has been increased by 15 years and this increase could be duplicated in the next twenty years," he said, "if the facts we now possess were effectively employed."

"The further developments of medicine, both curative and preventive, depend on scientific investigations. The public is the beneficiary and should in every way encourage medical research. The federal government and the states should sustain and promote scientific research. That government is the best which secures for its citizens the greatest freedom from disease, the highest degree of health and the longest life, and that people which most fully secures the enjoyment of these blessings will dominate the world."

"We boast of a great civilization, but this is justified only within limits. The historian of the future will have no difficulty in convincing his readers that those who lived at the beginning of the twentieth century were but slightly removed from barbarism, as he will tell that the school, saloon and house of prostitution flourished in close proximity; that the capitalist worked his employees under conditions which precluded soundness of body; that the labor union man dynamited buildings; that while we sent missionaries to convert the Moslems and the Buddhists, ten thousand murders were committed annually in our midst, and that a large percentage of our mortality was due to preventable disease."

**SEN. NEWLANDS ENTERS DEBATE**

**Claims Federal Trade Commission Law Would Have Prevented Industrial Monopolies.**

Washington, June 23.—That a federal trade commission created at the time of the establishment of the interstate commerce commission would have prevented the development of industrial monopolies in the United States, is one of the contentions in the report of Chairman Newlands of the interstate commerce commission on the trade commission bill presented today to the senate.

"If this commission had been in existence," said the report, "we would not now have to deal with such organizations as the United States Steel corporation, the International Harvester company or the American Sugar Refining company. The American Tobacco company would never have been organized and even the Standard Oil company would not have survived the dissolution of the original Standard Oil trust in 1892."

The senate bill is substituted for the house bill. The two measures are alike in principle, but the senate bill would make "unfair competition" and empower the commission to prevent such competition and would allow an investigation of foreign trade conditions and their effect on United States export trade.

**MACHINE SKIDS ON DEATH CURVE**

Buffalo, N. Y., June 23.—While traveling at the rate of 95 miles an hour in a racing machine, Roy C. Vaughan, a lawyer and Robert Smith, a newspaper man, were seriously injured today when the machine skidded on "death curve" near the city line and overturned.

**The Team is Home Baseball Tomorrow OGDEN vs BOISE**  
GLENWOOD 3:30  
EVERY DAY THIS WEEK

## NEW OFFICERS OF GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS



Top, left to right: Mrs. Eugene Reilly, Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath. Bottom, left to right: Mrs. C. H. McMahon, Miss Georgia A. Bacon and Mrs. William B. Williams.

The twentieth biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's clubs, which has just been held in Chicago, is declared to have been the most successful convention ever held. Fully ten thousand delegates, from every section of the country, were in attendance. The officers elected for the next two years were: President, Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker of Austin, Texas; first vice president, Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath of Tiffin, Ohio; second vice president, Miss Georgia A. Bacon of Worcester, Mass.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Harry L. Keefe of Waltham, Neb.; treasurer, Mrs. William B. Williams of Lapeer, Mich.; auditor, Mrs. C. H. McMahon of Salt Lake City, Utah.

## VILLA FACTION WINS VICTORY

**Removal of Two Generals From Carranza Cabinet Stops Opposition to Leader.**

**HAY CHIEF OF STAFF**

**Cabrera Slated for Foreign Relations Portfolio—Different Attitude in Future Expected.**

El Paso, Tex., June 23.—The removal of General Trevino as Carranza's chief of staff and of Ysidro Fabela, acting minister of foreign relations in the constitutional cabinet, reported from Saitillo, was taken by revolutionists here today as a victory for the Villa faction. Both were said to have been opposed to Villa's southern campaign and in favor of the creation of the new military zone which blocked his progress until Villa insisted on continuing his advance toward Mexico City.

The prospective appointment of Eduardo F. Hay as chief of staff was hailed as agreeable to both factions. Hay, now chief of staff to General Turbe in Sinaloa, won his spurs in the Madero revolution. He was the hero of the first battle of Casas Grandes, where he lost an eye. Later he was sent to Europe by Madero on a diplomatic mission. He is a civil engineer and a graduate of the University of Notre Dame, Ind.

**Cabrera to Succeed Fabela.** Ysidro Fabela, a young attorney of Mexico City, took a conspicuous part in drafting Carranza's notes to the Washington government and to Niagara Falls in connection with the Mexican mediation conference. It was predicted here that Luis Cabrera, now in Washington, will succeed him in the foreign relations portfolio. The presence near Carranza of Hay and Cabrera would create a different attitude on the part of the constitutional government, both internally and internationally, is the belief of local observers.

## CONGRESS TO SETTLE NORTH POLE RIGHTS

Washington, June 23.—Congressional action to determine the priority of the discovery of the north pole is proposed in a resolution prepared for introduction today by Representative Smith of New York. It declares that in view of the questions of scientific, commercial, economic and educational importance involved in the discovery of the north pole, the settled right of United States citizens to participate in the fur, mining and other industries in the far north and the lack of any declaration by the United States government that an American "reached the north pole in advance of any other explorer, the secretary of the navy is directed to prepare and transmit to congress a detailed report of his findings in regard to the discovery of the north pole."

In a statement today Mr. Smith said that he held "no brief for either party" but it was due both Rear Admiral Peary and Dr. Frederick A. Cook and any other explorer that con-

## BOISE AND OGDEN ARE FIGHTING IT OUT THIS AFTERNOON

The final series of games to be played in Ogden during the first half of the split season, began at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon on the Glenwood Park diamond. The visiting team is the Boise "Irrigators," which arrived in the city this morning, fourteen strong. Manager Jensen, who has the team in charge, is one of the "Irrigators' best pitchers and will be seen in action during the week. Probably the most popular man on the team, however, is Catcher Buck Weaver, who, by the way, has had many years of experience in the game and has been a tower of strength to the Boise club throughout the season. Weaver is well known in all of the cities in the Union association and many of his Ogden friends will be glad to see him in action again.

The Boise players, though they seem from reports of the Salt Lake-Boise series, to have participated in a big row, at that time appear to be a clean bunch of players—and good ones at that—so the series here this week should be full of interest.

With the addition of Couch to the pitching staff of the Cannons and the other pitchers getting into their best form now, the locals stand a little more than an even chance of taking the series from Boise, as their batting ability is superior to that of the visitors.

The over-night slate of batteries was Knight and Ruedel for Ogden and Melter and Weaver for Boise.

**ALICE JOHNSON SENT TO CITY JAIL FOR 30 DAYS**

In the municipal court this morning, Alice Johnson was sentenced to serve 30 days in jail, following her conviction of the charge of disturbing the peace. John McCreedy was the complaining witness and he testified that the defendant had created a disturbance in his place of business on lower Twenty-fifth street and had called him vile names. The present was the third time that the defendant had been arrested on similar charges during the past few weeks.

James Mack and Harry Davis, two youthful tramps, were sentenced to serve five days each in the city jail. They were charged with trespass, the offense having consisted of sleeping in Gomer Nicholas' barn on lower Twenty-fifth street last night.

**FUNERAL FOR MME. NORDICA.** London, June 23.—The simple but impressive funeral service for the Anglican church was held at noon today for the late Madame Lillian Nordica in the King's Welsh House church, Mayfair, where she was married just five years ago to George W. Young of New York.

## CRISIS REACHED IN HOME RULE

**Amendment Offered to Bill—Situation Unparalleled in English Parliamentary Procedure.**

London, June 23.—The crisis in connection with the granting of home rule to Ireland entered another stage today when the Marquis of Crewe, Liberal leader in the House of Lords, introduced a bill to amend the Irish home rule bill.

The terms of the amending bill are identical with those offered on March 9 by Premier Asquith and contemptuously refused by Sir Edward Carson, the Irish Unionist leader, who described the premier's proposal as a "hypocritical sham."

By the new bill the parliamentary elections of each county in Ulster are to be allowed to decide by vote whether the county shall be excluded from the provisions of the home rule bill for a period of six years from the first meeting of the new Irish parliament.

The situation has never been paralleled in parliamentary procedure in the British Isles. Never before has a bill been presented to parliament to amend a measure not yet on the statute book. This was, however, the only means of overcoming the deadlock, as the House of Lords refused to consider the main bill until the full proposals of the government were before it.

**SENATE APPROVES BATTLESHIP SALE**

**Bill Passes 174 to 87—One Dreadnought to Be Built With Proceeds.**

Washington, June 23.—The administration proposed to sell the battleships Idaho and Mississippi to Greece—already approved by the senate—was passed by the house today by a vote of 174 to 87. One dreadnought will be built with the proceeds.

**SCOTCH ARE ENJOYING ANNIVERSARY OF A GREAT BATTLE**

This morning and during the early hours of the afternoon, a large number of local Scotch people went to Lagoon to join in the celebration of the anniversary of the Battle of Bannockburn, which is being held there today.

The program arranged was an exceptionally interesting one to the people of that nationality and it is expected that another large crowd will go to Lagoon tonight to enjoy the big program of Scotch dances.

## REPARATION FOR SHIPPERS

**Excess Charged During Trial of Intermountain Rate Case Must Be Refunded.**

**POWER OF COMMISSION**

**Interior Points to Share in Panama Canal Benefits With Seaboard Cities.**

Washington, June 23.—With the supreme court's decision sustaining the interstate commerce commission's intermountain rate orders the way is opened for shippers to recover sums estimated as great as \$10,000,000 from railroads which have been charging the old rates while the case was being fought through the courts.

Reparation, if any, and the amount, will have to be decided by the commission in a separate action.

**Panama Canal Benefits.** That the distribution throughout the country of the benefits of the Panama canal will rest with the interstate commerce commission and not with the trans-continental railroads is one of the conclusions being drawn today from the supreme court's decision in the intermountain rate cases, in which, after nearly two years of consideration, the court upheld the orders of the commission by unanimous opinion.

It has been generally claimed that the Panama canal would reduce freight rates from Atlantic seaboard points to Pacific coast cities and vice versa, but the questions of to what extent the railroads might allow interior points to share in the benefits were in dispute. The decision of the court is that the commission will answer those problems and that the railroads may simply proceed to haul the freight.

Had the decision been to the contrary, it would have rested in the judgment of the railroads as to how far interior cities would share with seaboard cities in the benefits of water competition.

Applications from railroads to put into effect long and short haul rates throughout various sections of the country have been held up pending the court's decision. It is expected that the commission will at once take up those applications.

## S. P. OFFICIAL ON DECISION

**Director of Traffic Reviews Intermountain Rate Case and Its Effect on Road.**

New York, June 23.—L. J. Spence, director of traffic of the Southern Pacific company, issued a statement here today relative to the decision handed down yesterday by the supreme court, in what is popularly known as the Intermountain case.

"The immediate effect of the decision," says the statement, "is largely within the control of the carriers, because the commission is expected to recognize the propriety of the trans-continental lines advancing the rates to Pacific coast terminals, which are less than reasonable, wherever they desire to do so, to a basis that will preserve the rates to intermediate points, the majority of which have been prescribed or found reasonable by the commission."

**Serious Restrictions Made.**

"The unfavorable feature of the decision is in the serious restriction which it puts on the trans-continental lines in their future efforts to meet sea competition—which in the near future promises to become more acute than it has ever been—by requiring them to choose between making rates to Pacific coast terminals to retain business against the competition of sea and reducing rates to intermediate destinations to conform to the prescribed formula of the commission, or abstaining from making rates to hold business against the competition of the sea and thereby surrendering a volume of traffic in which they might have otherwise continued to participate with a measure of profit."

## IMPORTED MEN QUIT FARMERS

**Kansas Wheat Growers Make Appeal and Whole Population Comes to Rescue.**

Hoxie, Kan., June 22.—The entire male population of this village responded to an appeal for aid from a delegation of farmers today and, donning overalls, began work in the harvest fields. The eastern harvest hands imported by the farmers quit work because of the intense heat. The crops were being imperiled and the farmers appealed to the village residents. The courthouse was closed and locked and county officials, merchants, lawyers, doctors and even the editor of the village newspaper went to the fields.

## MEDIATORS AND DELEGATES BUSY

**Arrangements for Informal Conference With Men Being Made.**

**MAN OF THE HOUR**

**Mexican Factions Must Select Provisional President—Many Pessimistic of Outcome.**

Niagara Falls, June 23.—Mediators, American and Mexican, were occupied today in making arrangements for the informal conferences between representatives of General Carranza and General Huerta, at which it is hoped an agreement will be reached on the individual, who is to be provisional president of Mexico. Details were still lacking and depended on the traveling arrangements of the constitutionalists delegates, who are now en route here.

On the delegates from the two Mexican factions themselves will rest the burden of selecting the man of the hour—a task which deadlocked the mediation conference and partly disrupted it last week.

In the informal conferences all internal questions will be discussed, the counsel of the American delegates and mediators being given when sought. On internal questions the mediation board will continue its conferences. The results of the two sets of negotiations, it is hoped, ultimately will be incorporated into a pact effecting a cessation of hostilities and opening the way to a complete restoration of peace.

**Many Are Pessimistic.**

The fact that the two warring factions are to be brought together to discuss personnel for the new provisional government has encouraged the mediation colony generally to hope for a settlement. There are many, however, who are no more sanguine than before that the vexed question of the personality of the government can be settled successfully by diplomacy. It is an assured fact, nevertheless, that before the informal conferences between constitutionalists and Huerta delegates will be permitted to dissolve without agreement, the power and influence of the United States government will be brought to bear with renewed vigor and determination.

A settlement will be insisted on, lest graver consequences ensue.

Washington, June 23.—No formal answer to the invitation extended by the American Peace conference at Niagara Falls to constitutionalists agents for an informal conference over Mexican peace plans is expected to be made until confidential agents of General Carranza reach Washington late today or tomorrow.

Fernando Iglesias Calderon, Alfredo Brecada and Lopolito Hurtado Espinosa are en route with special instructions from the constitutionalist chief. In official quarters today it was declared by one high in authority that he saw "absolutely no clouds now on the mediation horizon."

It was cabinet day and as the president's advisers gathered there were several informal conferences. None would discuss the situation for publication, but it was evident that all were encouraged.

That the invitations would be accepted was not doubted.

## GERMAN VESSELS IN COLLISION

**Large Number of Persons Aboard and Catastrophe Narrowly Averted at Cuxhaven Regatta.**

Hamburg, June 23.—The North German-Lloyd steamer Koenigsluise and the German passenger steamer Cobra were in collision today. Both were damaged. The passengers were landed safely.

The stem of the Koenigsluise was stove in and her fore peak was leaking.

The Cobra, which is a small steamer of 412 tons belonging to the Hamburg American line, was badly damaged amidships.

The collision occurred during the regatta at Cuxhaven.

Both vessels had on board a large number of persons and a catastrophe was narrowly averted. The shocks of the collision was so severe that several of the passengers on the Cobra were thrown to the deck of the Koenigsluise.

## TWO COUNTRIES THREATEN HAITI

Washington, June 23.—Reports that Germany and France, dissatisfied with Haiti's payments of debts to their nations, were about to seize the custom houses when brought to the attention of Secretary Bryan today, brought out the statement that neither government has intimated any dissatisfaction to the United States.